

1st of 7 Presentations for DEEP Update

US Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine Force Health Protection Conference Louisville, KY August 2005



The Deployment Environmental Epidemiology Project

US Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine Force Health Protection, Louisville, KY Aug 2005

### USACHPPM Deployment Environmental Epidemiology Project

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- Terrence Lee
- Anjali Sivan
- Joey Zhou

- Lori Geckle
- Matt McAtee
- Vivian Rush
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- Coleen Weese
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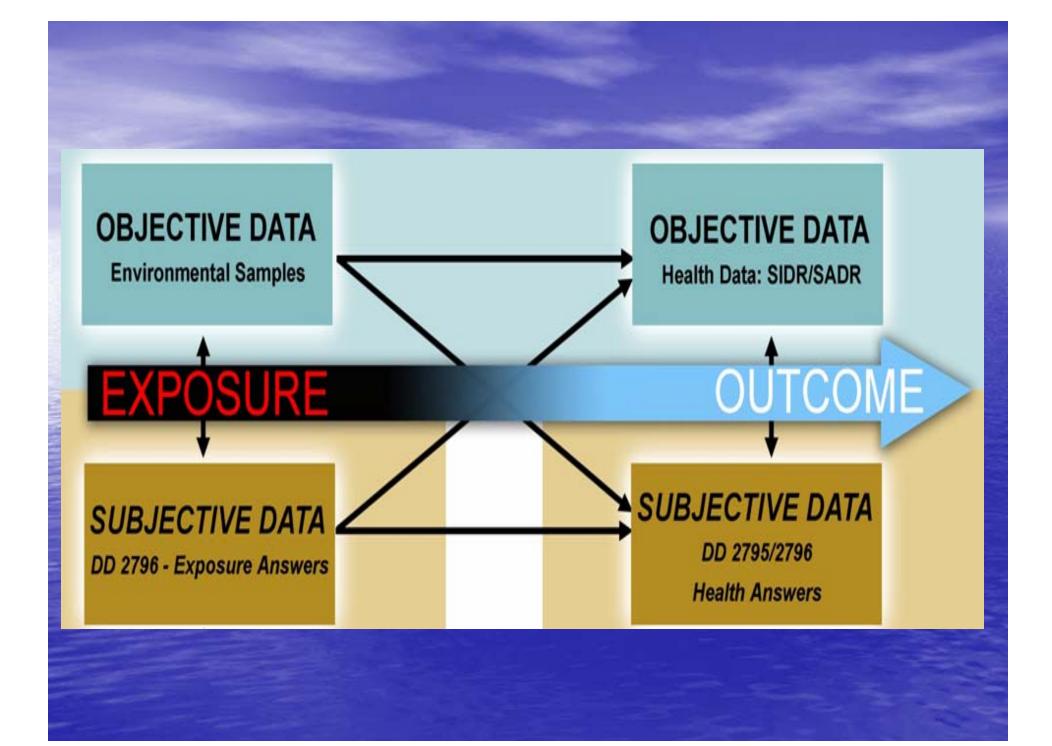
## USACHPPM DEEP Working Group

- Lori Geckle
- Robyn Lee
- Terrence Lee
- Matt McAtee
- Vivian Rush

- Anjali Sivan
- Michal Waltermyer
- Coleen Weese
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#### Deployment Environmental Epidemiology

- Use of Army and DoD Databases to evaluate/ analyze data being generated by deployed Army Service members, for surveillance and risk communication purposes.
- CHPPM's interest is occupational/environmental exposures and health effects/outcomes
- "Objective" and "Subjective" data are available
- The DEE team plans to hone in on specific cohorts



# History of Involvement

- Concerns about Fecal Matter in the Air in Kabul by Canadian Military Group
- Perception from CHPPM that Kabul air was worse than other Afghanistan locations
- Preliminary Testing of the Georoster from DESP constructing a cohort for Kabul and random sample of "all other" Afghanistan
- Plans to collect and analyze deployment and postdeployment exposure and health data
- Another CHPPM project analyzed a random sample of DD 2796's from Iraq

#### FHP 2003

- Self Reported Exposures in Deployed Settings Do They Mean What We Think They Mean? : Coleen Weese
- Service Member Perceptions About Deployment-Related Exposures: Lori Geckle, Robyn Lee, Butch Wardlaw
- Deployment Environmental Epidemiology in the Army: Determining its Feasibility and Applications Dr. Vivian Rush

# DEEP – Last year to this year

- Project introduced at last year's FHP
- Intention was to "jump right in" to analysis of objective and subjective data for "cohorts"
- Realization that available data cannot be used "as is" and must first be scrubbed and its weaknesses understood
- First analyses are using the constructed cohort from Afghanistan as well as a random sample from Iraq to answer basic questions about validity/quality issues with the data

#### Current Databases

- · Iraq
  - Random sample of
    DD 2796 forms from 2003
- Afghanistan
  - ~900 with Administrative Records with "Kabul" from 2003
  - ~1800 with Adminstrative Records with "Afghanistan" without "Kabul" from 2003
  - [DD 2795, DD2796, SIDR, SADR]

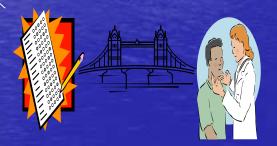
# Plan for Analysis



Find Kabul and Non-Kabul Afghanistan Cohorts and their DD 2796 Surveys



Assess/Improve Data From DD 2796 Survey



Link DD 2796 Survey with Inpatient/Outpatient Medical Events

# Finding Study Cohort and their DD 2796 Surveys

- Key component
- No official roster(s) based on location
  - Defense Manpower Data Center (DMDC) may become the repository for this data
- CHPPM "Georoster" Method Used
- "Georoster" Method shows Flaws

Plan for Analysis



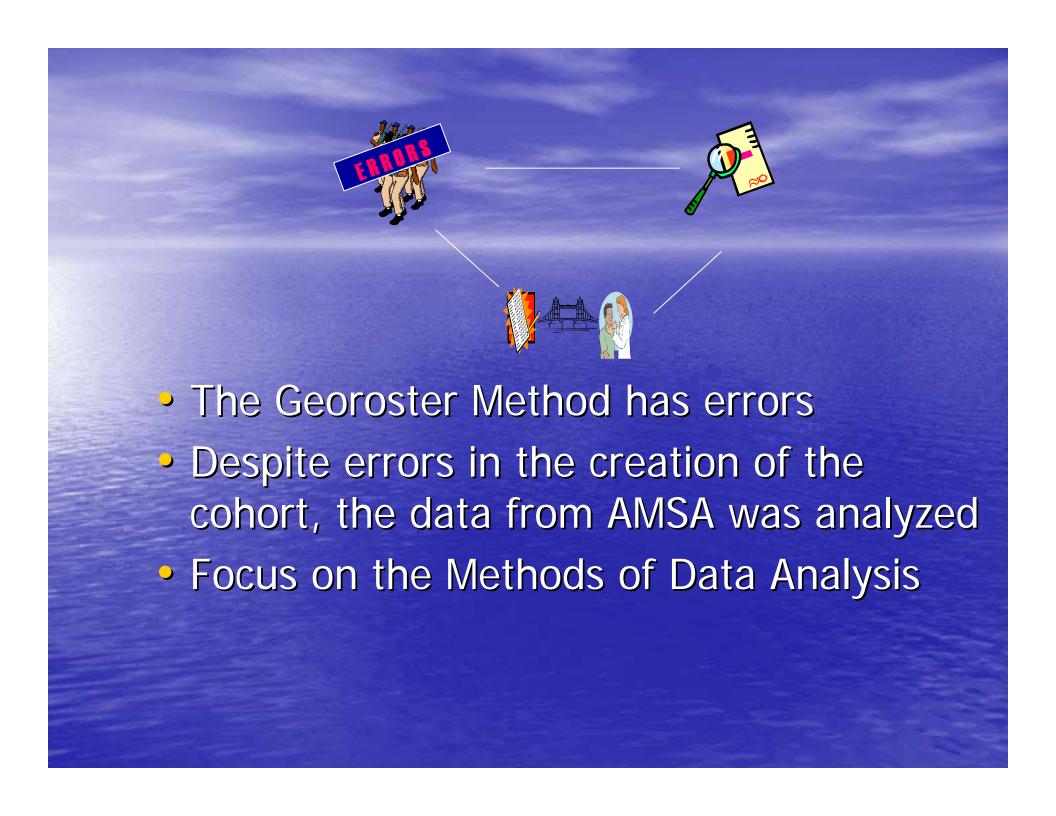
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Plan for Analysis

Find Kabul and Non-Kabul Afghanistan Cohorts and their DD 2796 Surveys



Link DD 2796 Survey with Inpatient/Outpatient Medical Events

From DD 2796 Survey

Assess/Improve Data

# Focus on Methods

#### Presentations

- Introduction to DEEP
- Dealing With Inconsistency Of Self-Perceived Health Changes In Pre- And Post-Deployment Health Assessment
- Comparison of Different Environmental Exposure Indices Calculated from Post Deployment Health Assessment (DD2796) Data
- Mental Health Analysis of Post-Deployment Health Assessment (DD2796)
- Application of Classification and Regression Tree (CART) to Analyze the Questionnaire Data from Pre- and Post-Deployment Health Assessment
- Linking Pre- and Post-Deployment Forms and Subsequent Medical Visits
- Impact of Respondent Errors on Percentages of Self-Perceived Declining Health Status during Deployment